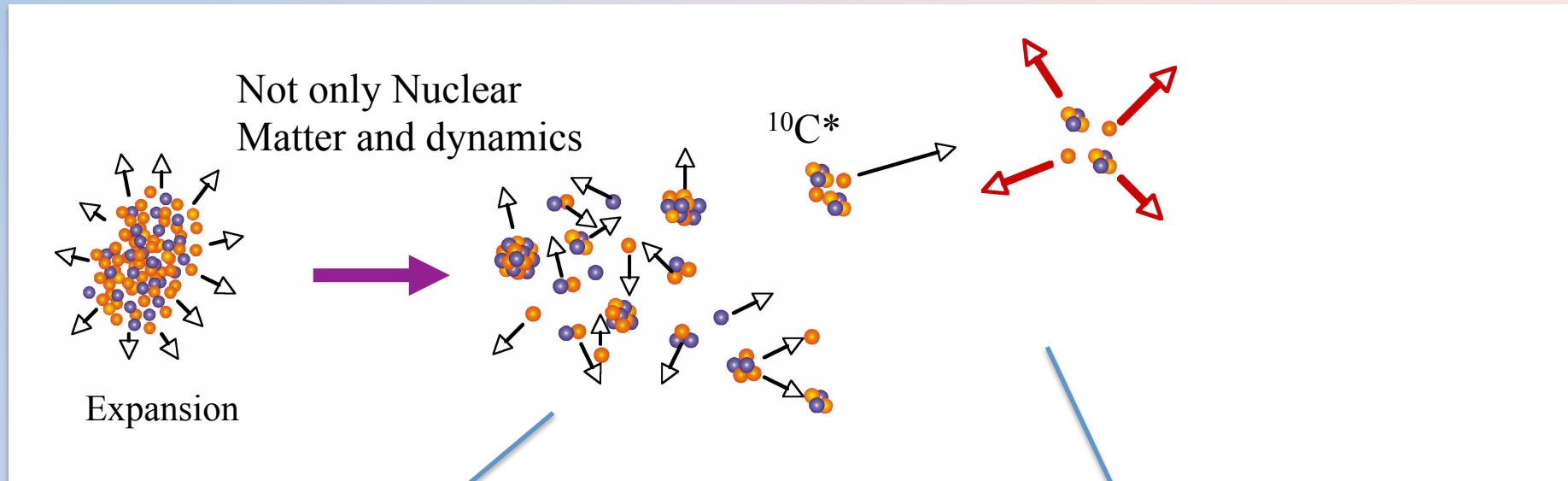


Particle-particle correlations in heavy-ion collisions



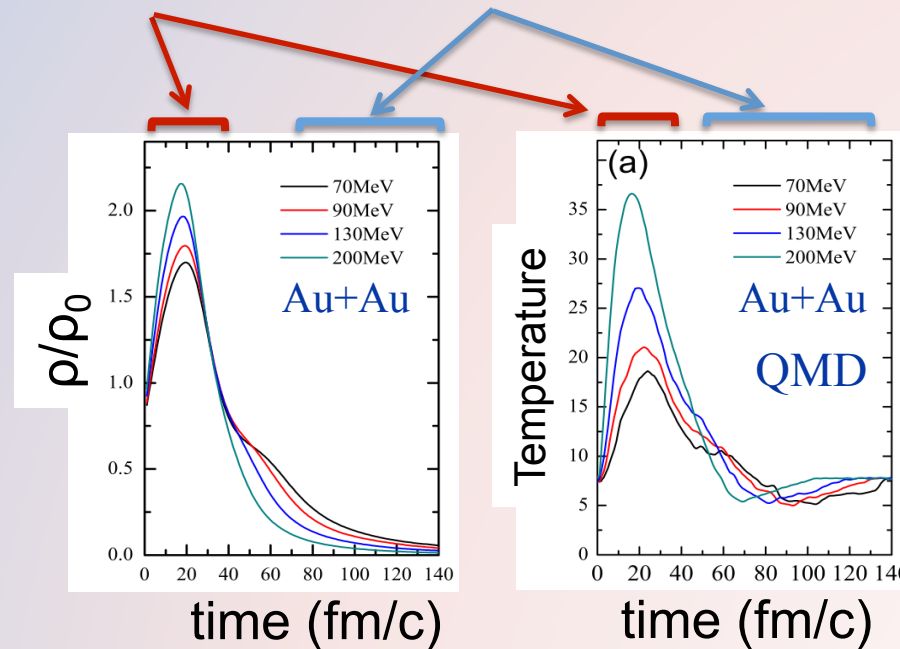
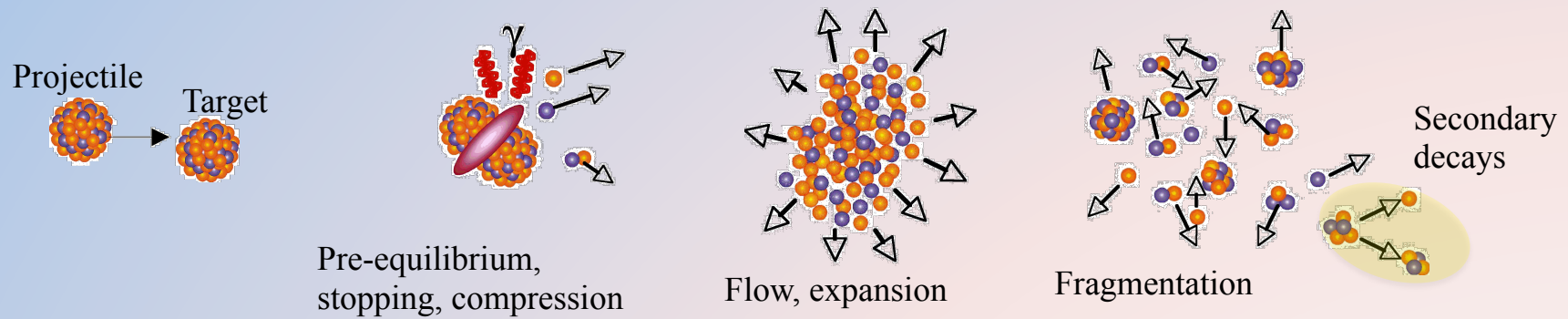
Dynamics, Equation of State,
Nuclear Interaction, Nuclear
Astrophysics (neutron stars,
supernovae)

Unbound/exotic species produced
in one single experiment
→ tools for spectroscopy

Outline

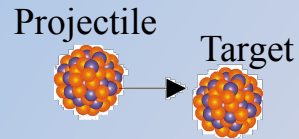
- Heavy-ion collisions
 - Equation of state and symmetry energy
 - Plenty of unbound states and resonances (for free)
- Correlation measurements:
 - Dynamics, EoS, Asy-EoS
 - tools from multi-particle decay spectroscopy
- Perspectives (SIB and RIB facilities)

HIC: compressing and heating nuclear matter Laboratory controlled

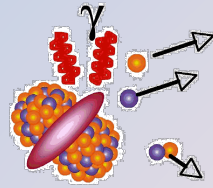


EoS under laboratory controlled conditions

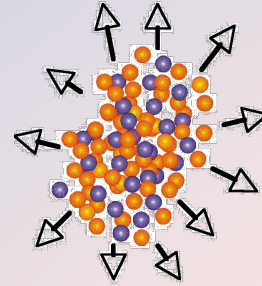
Laboratory controlled



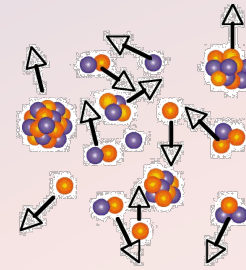
Pre-equilibrium,
stopping, compression



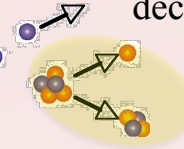
Flow, expansion



Fragmentation



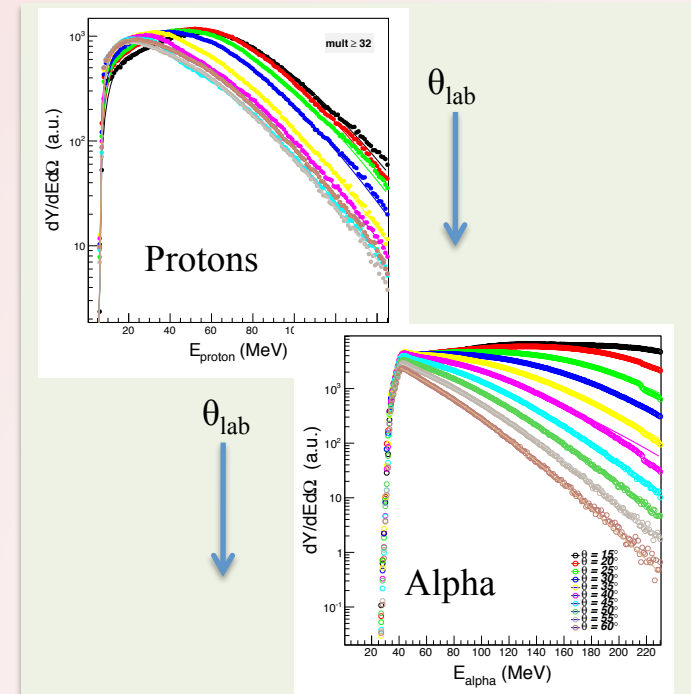
Secondary
decays



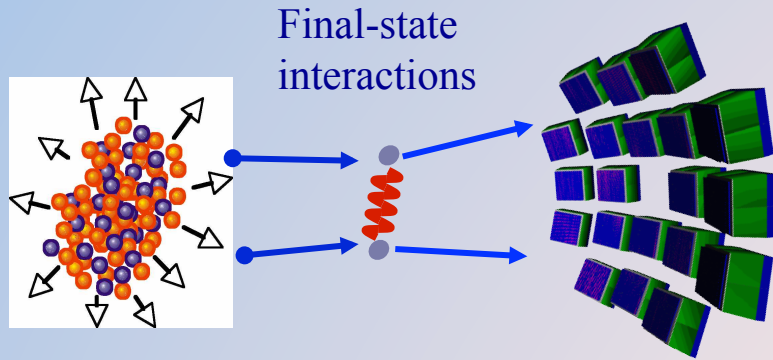
Measurements

Energy and angular distributions

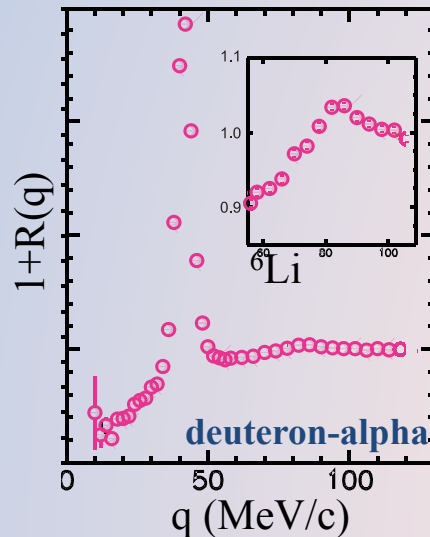
- Need back-tracing from final experimental distributions: when and where are particle produced?
- Space-time probes of emitting sources from particle-particle correlations



Building correlations



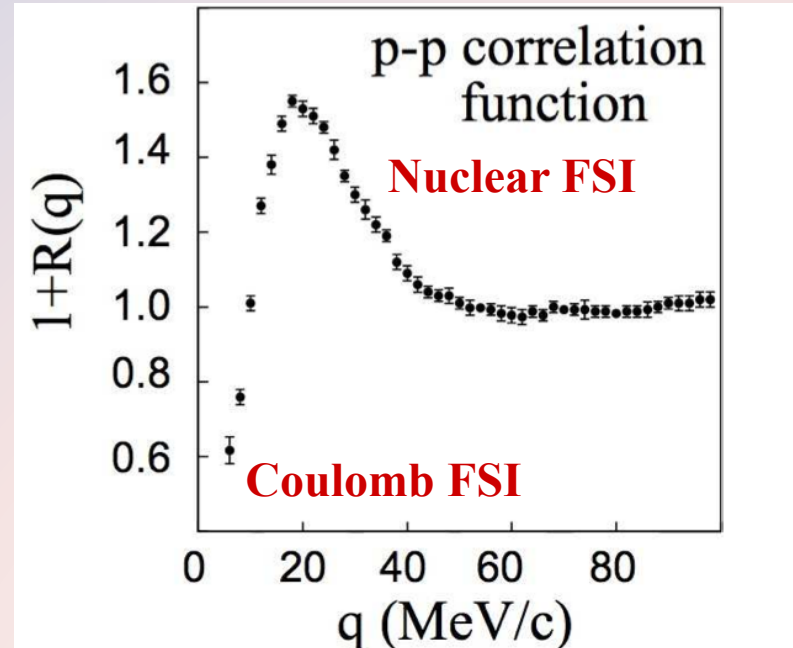
$$1 + R(q) = k \cdot \frac{\sum Y_{coinc}(\vec{p}_1, \vec{p}_2)}{\sum Y_{evt.mixing}(\vec{p}_1, \vec{p}_2)}$$



$$q = \mu |\vec{v}_1 - \vec{v}_2|$$

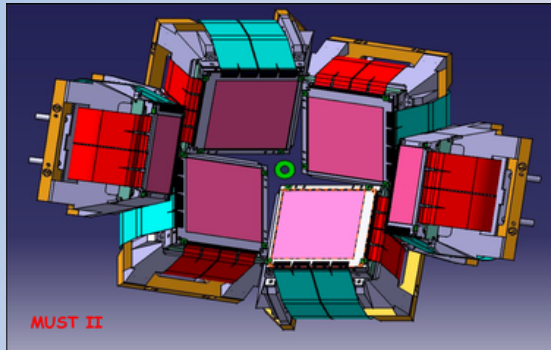
Experimental needs:

- Large solid angle coverage
- High angular resolution required:

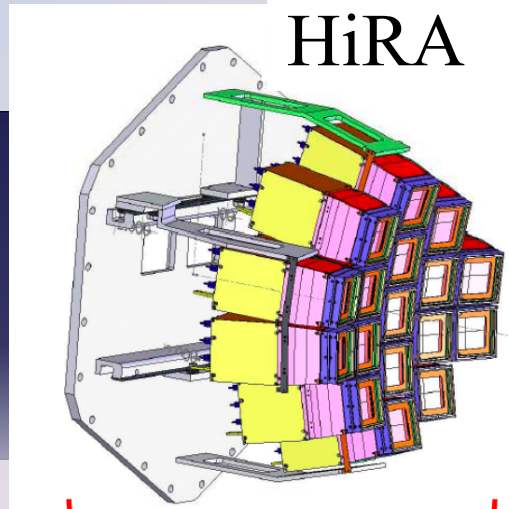


High resolution arrays

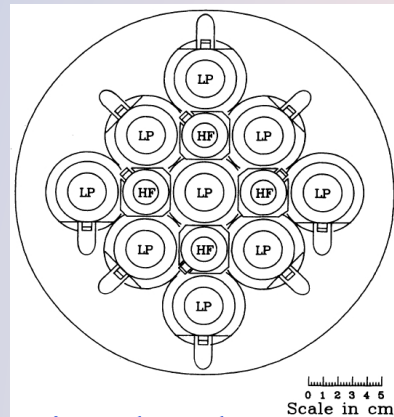
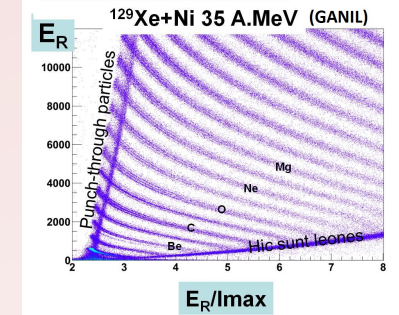
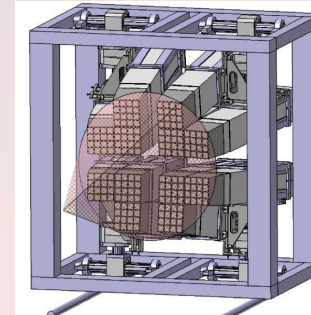
Must2



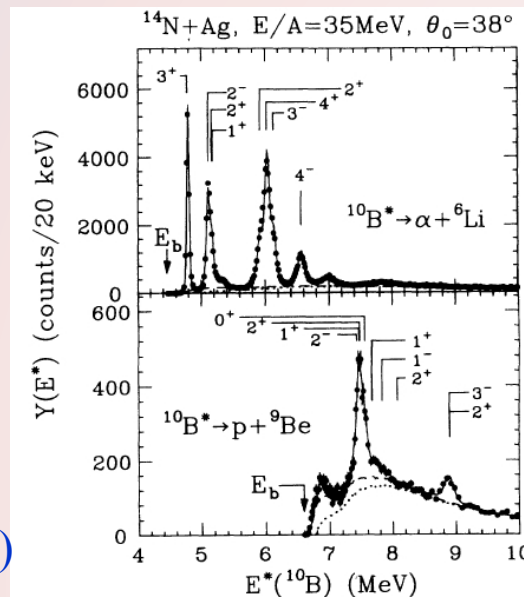
HiRA



Fazia @ LNL, LNS, GANIL/Spiral2



Wire chambers
(high position resolution)



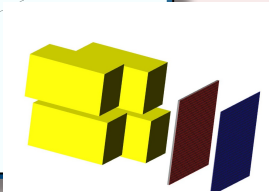
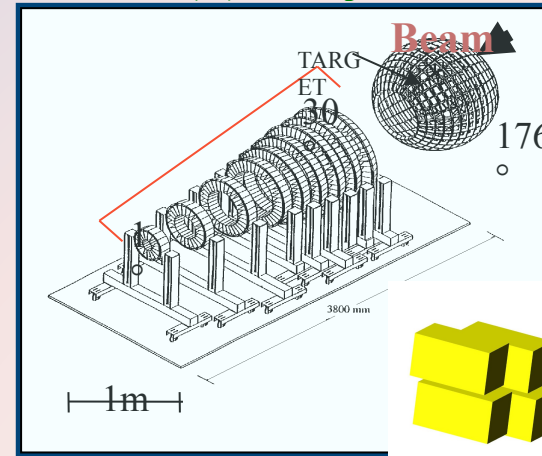
**Position sensitivity:
high performances!**

T.K. Nayak et al., PRC45,
132 (1992)

Coupling to 4pi arrays (event characterization)

CHIMERA-PS & FARCOS

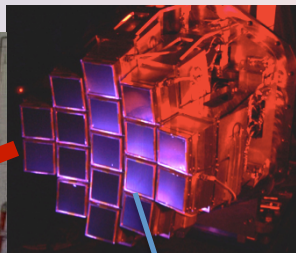
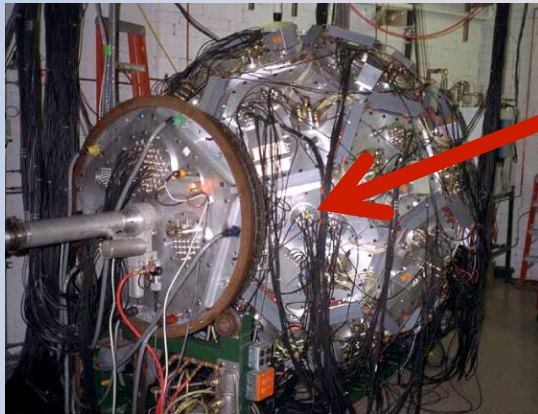
1192 Si-CsI(Tl) Telescopes



Farcos @ CT
(GET electronics)

Demonstrator already online @ LNS

MSU 4pi + HiRA Si-Strip array

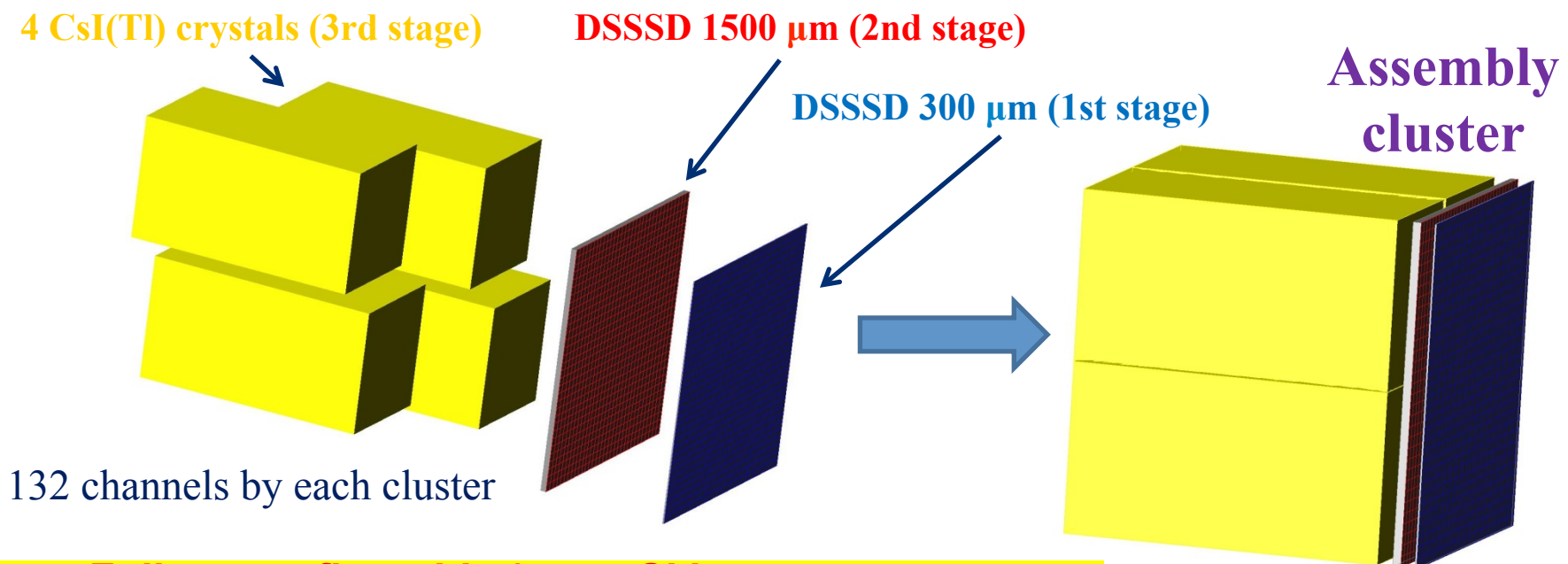


Correlations

...also Indra and Fazia + Correlators

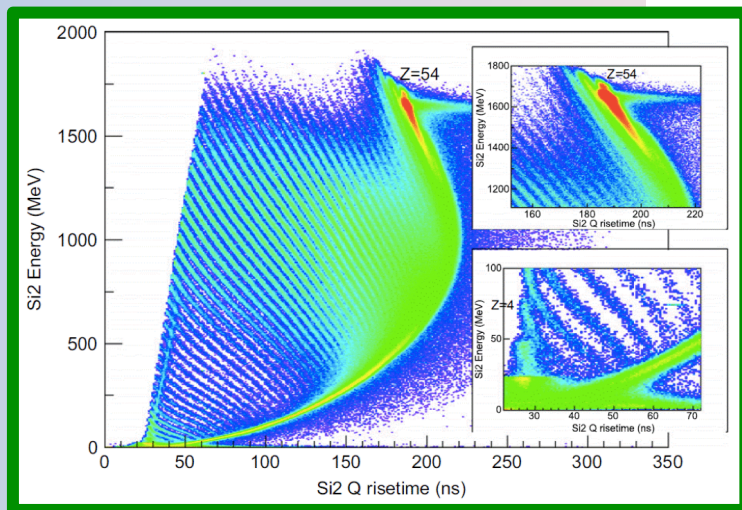
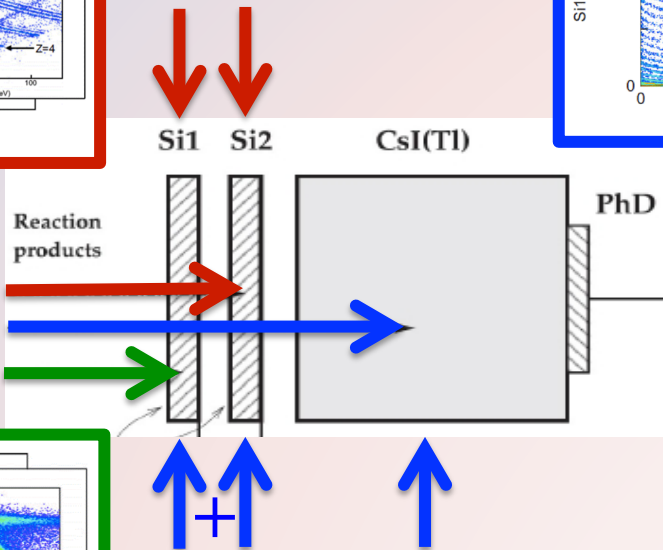
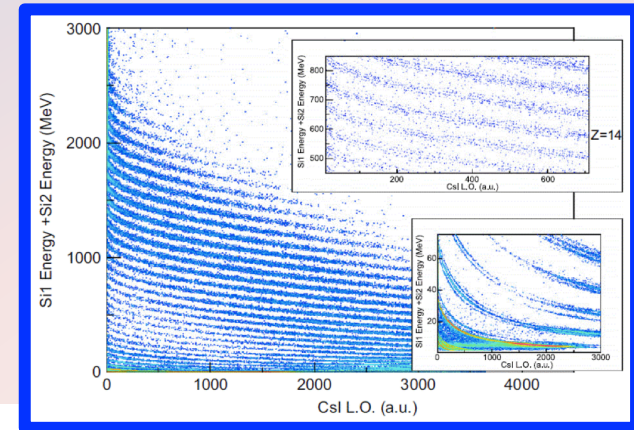
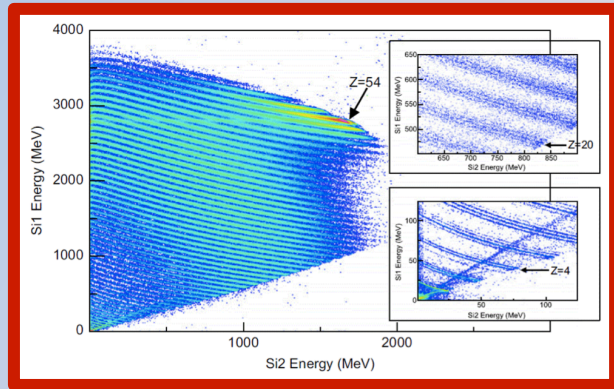
Farcos: Femtoscope Array for Correlations and Femtoscopy

- Based on $(62 \times 64 \times 64 \text{ mm}^3)$ clusters
- 1 square $(0.3 \times 62 \times 62 \text{ mm}^3)$ DSSSD 32+32 strips
- 1 square $(1.5 \times 62 \times 62 \text{ mm}^3)$ DSSSD 32+32 strips
- 4 $60 \times 32 \times 32 \text{ mm}^3$ CsI(Tl) crystals



Fully reconfigurable (more Si layers, neutron detection, ...)

Fazia telescopes



IPN Orsay: Front-End Electronics

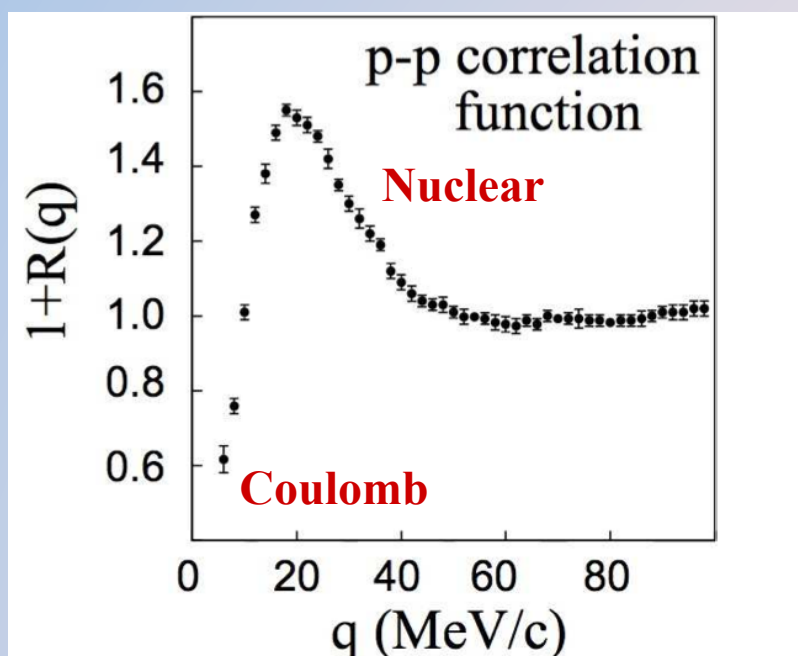
pp correlations, IMF-IMF correlations... non resonant correlations

Next experiment w demonstrator
LNS-Catania December 2014

What physics information?

- Images of emitting sources (imaging) → compare to models
- What is the size of an emitting source for a specific particle → “femtoscscopy”
- What is the duration of emission process by that source
- Disentangle sources (pre-equilibrium, evaporation, secondary decays, etc.)
- Disentangle decay mechanisms: sequential vs direct/ simultaneous
- Emission chronology of different particle species

Proton-proton femtoscopy



$$1 + R(q) = k \cdot \frac{\Sigma Y_{coin}(\vec{p}_1, \vec{p}_2)}{\Sigma Y_{evt.mixing}(\vec{p}_1, \vec{p}_2)}$$

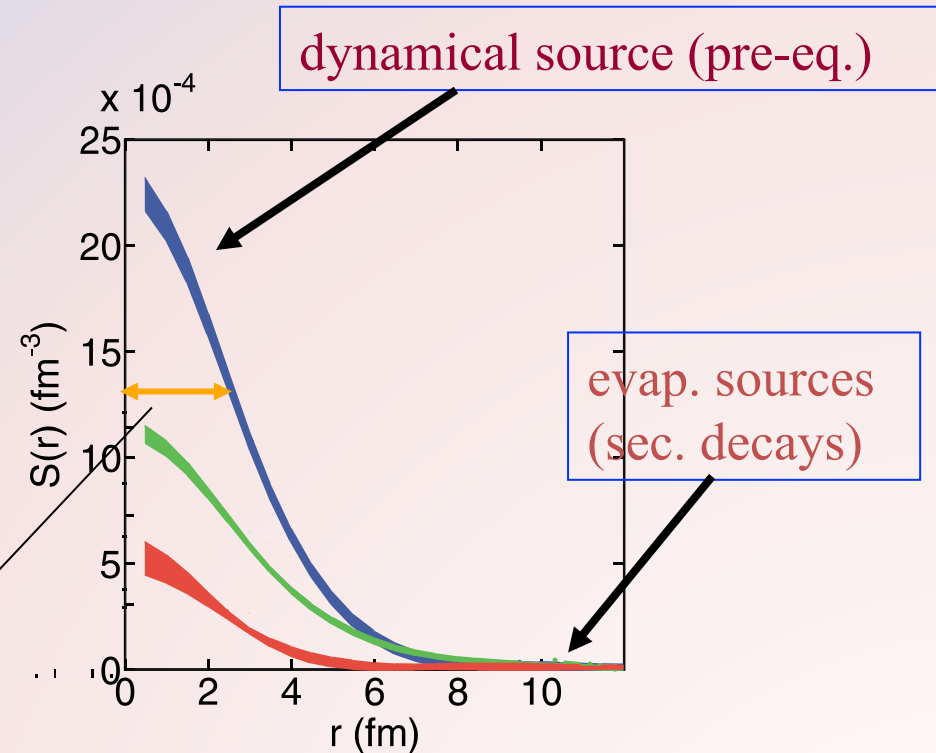
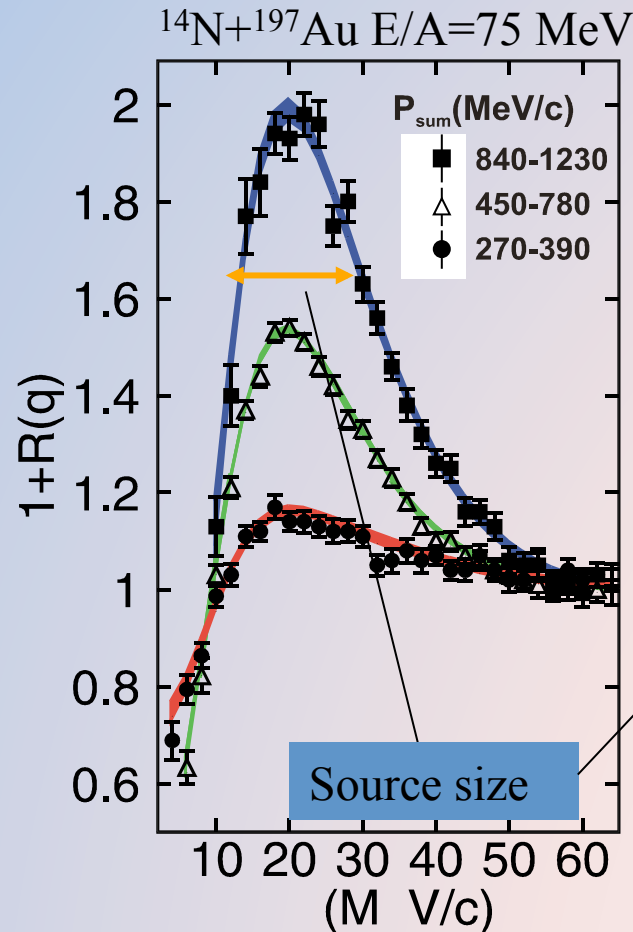
- Final State interactions (FSI)
 - Nuclear \rightarrow peak at 20 MeV/c
 - Coulomb \rightarrow anti-correlation at small q
- Anti-symmetrized two-particle wave function (fermions)

\rightarrow Spatial distribution of particles in their emitting sources during dynamical evolution of HIC

Inversion analysis of KP equation

$$R(q) = 4\pi \int dr \cdot r^2 \cdot S(r) \cdot K(r, q)$$

G. Verde et al., PRC65, 069604 (2002)
P. Danielewicz, D.A. Brown



$$Y_{\text{total}} = Y_{\text{fast}} + Y_{\text{slow}}$$

Pre-equilibrium + *Evaporation*

- Integral of source $\rightarrow Y_{\text{fast}}/Y_{\text{slow}}$
Estimate contributions from secondary decay emissions:

EoS of asymmetric nuclear matter

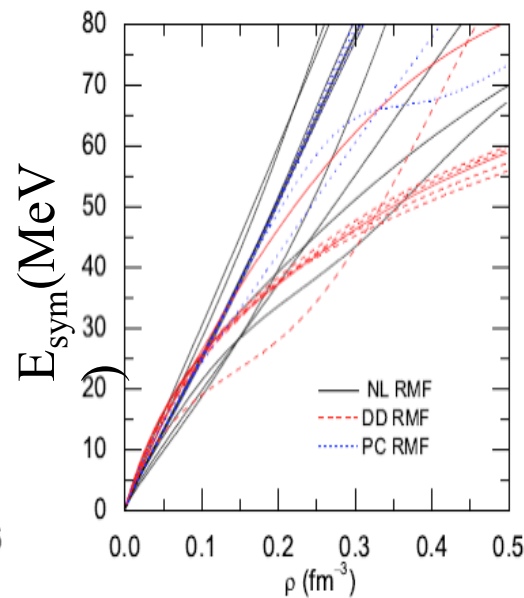
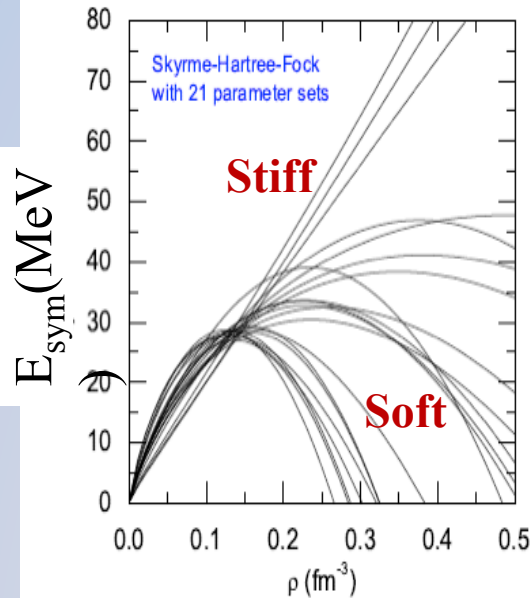
$$E(\rho, \delta) = E(\rho, \delta = 0) + \boxed{E_{\text{sym}}(\rho) \cdot \delta^2} + O(\delta^4)$$

Asymmetry term

$$\delta = \frac{\rho_n - \rho_p}{\rho_n + \rho_p}$$

$$\rho = \rho_n + \rho_p$$

B.A. Li et al., Phys. Rep. 464, 113 (2008)



Many approaches... large uncertainties...

Microscopic many-body, phenomenological, variational, ...

Especially at high densities (three-body forces)

ZH Li, U. Lombardo, PRC74 047304 (2006)

Brown, Phys. Rev. Lett. 85, 5296 (2001)

Fuchs and Wolter, EPJA 30, 5 (2006)

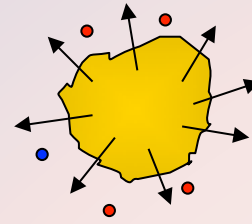
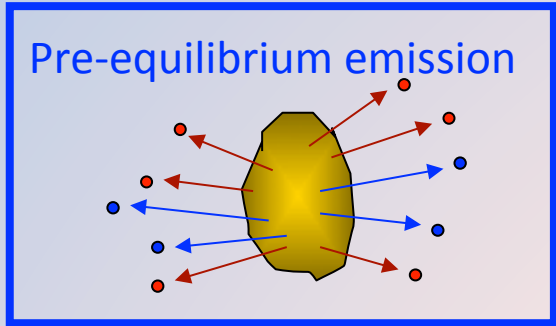
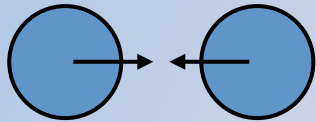
Increase δ asymmetry by studying systems with large N/Z asymmetry

→ RIB facilities (Eurisol, SPES, ...)

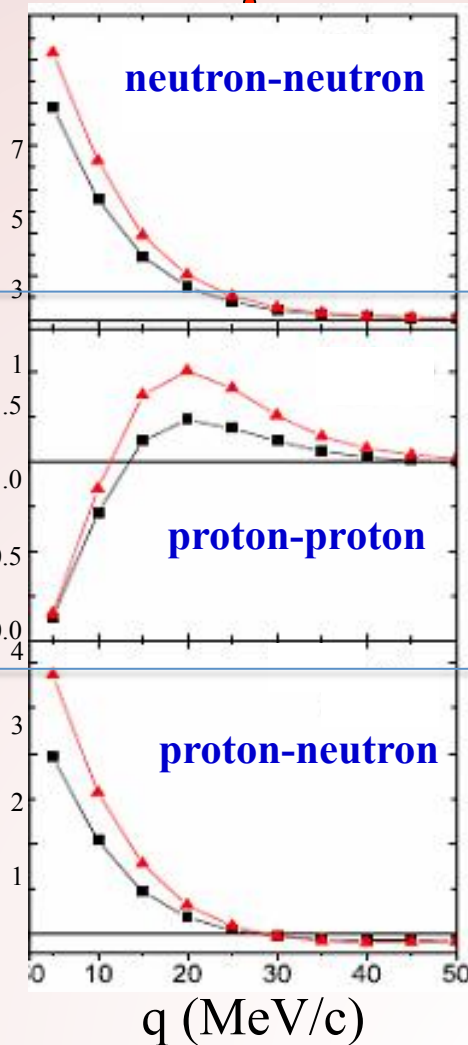
→ **STABLE BEAM studies important!**

Symmetry energy and femtoscopy

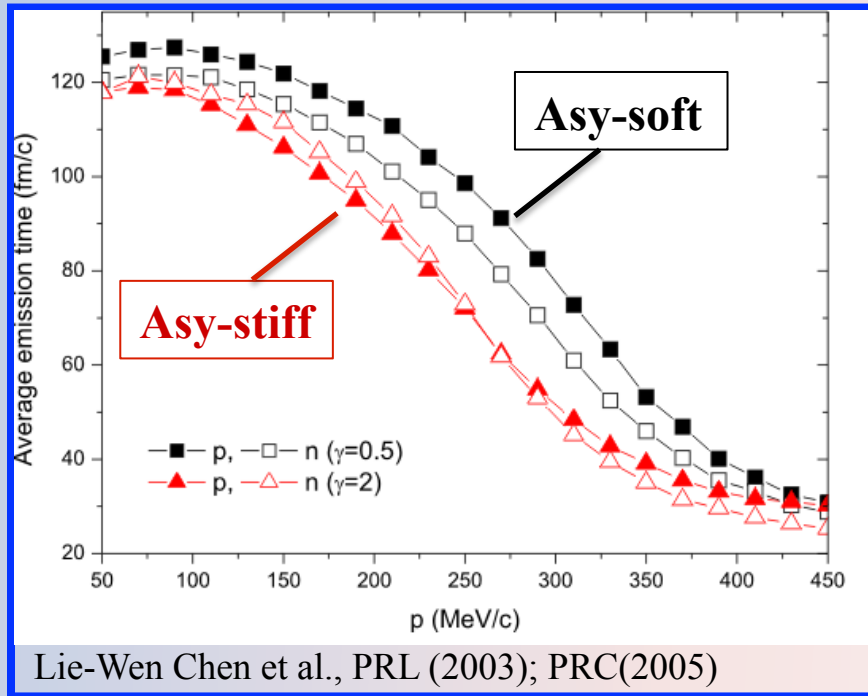
b=central



Correlation functions

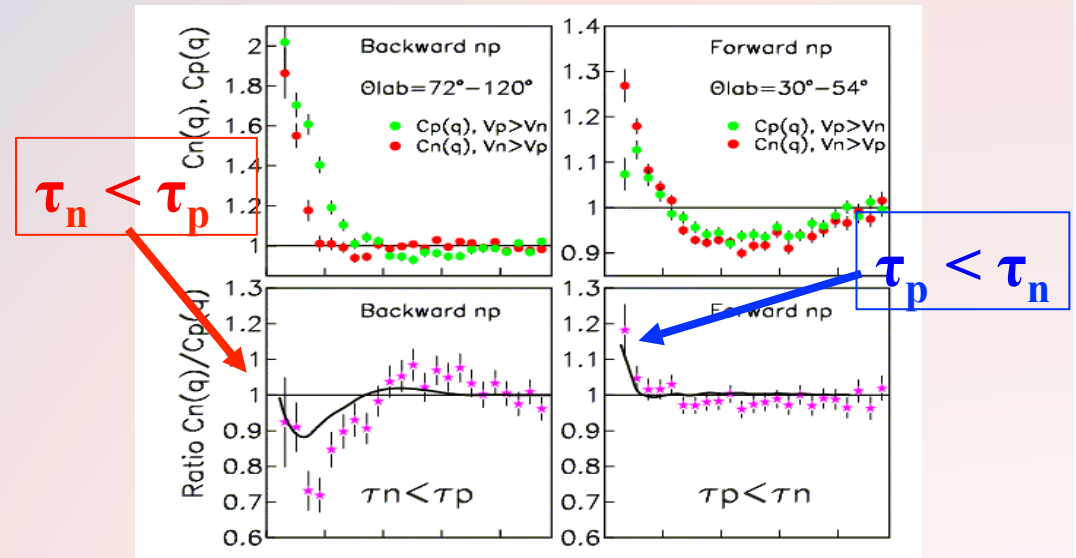
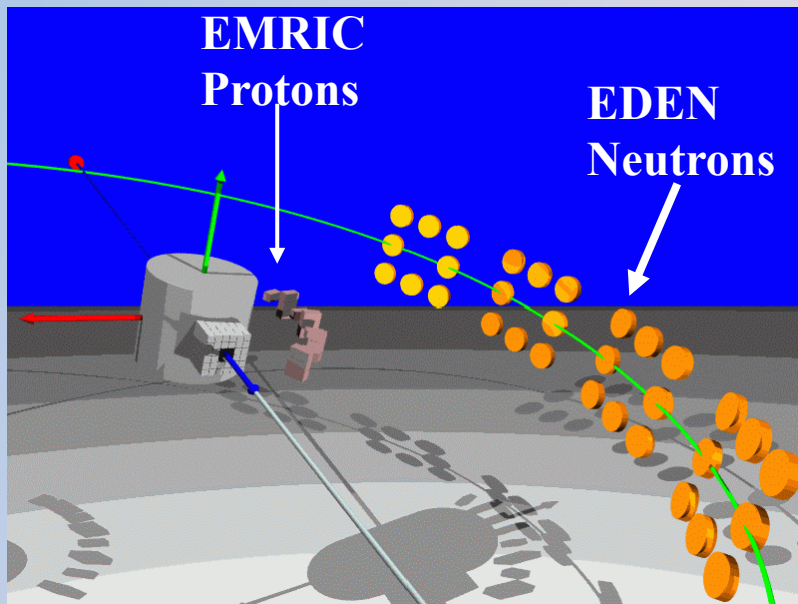


Neutron/proton emission times vs. E_{sym}



Unlike particle correlations: emission chronology

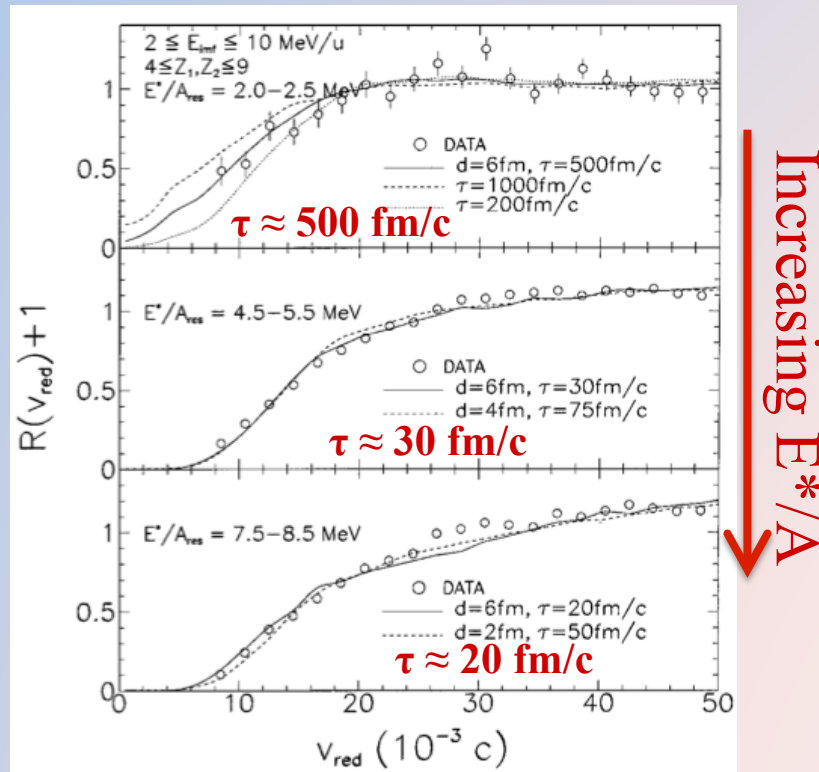
Ghetti *et al*, PRL 91 (2003) 092701



- Unique tools for Esym still not explored enough
- Extend to all particle species: asymmetric particles (t, ^3He , ...) and symmetric particles (d, α , ^6Li , ...)
- Important with both SIB (LNS, GANIL) and RIB facilities (N/Z increase in beam-target combinations)

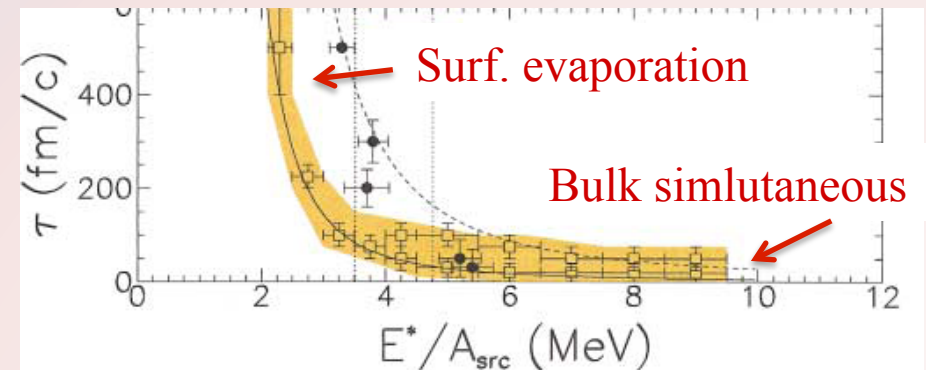
IMF-IMF correlations

π^- , p + Au 8.0, 8.2, 9.2, 10.2 GeV/c



ISiS data @ Brookhaven

L. Beaulieu et al., PRL84 (2000) 5971

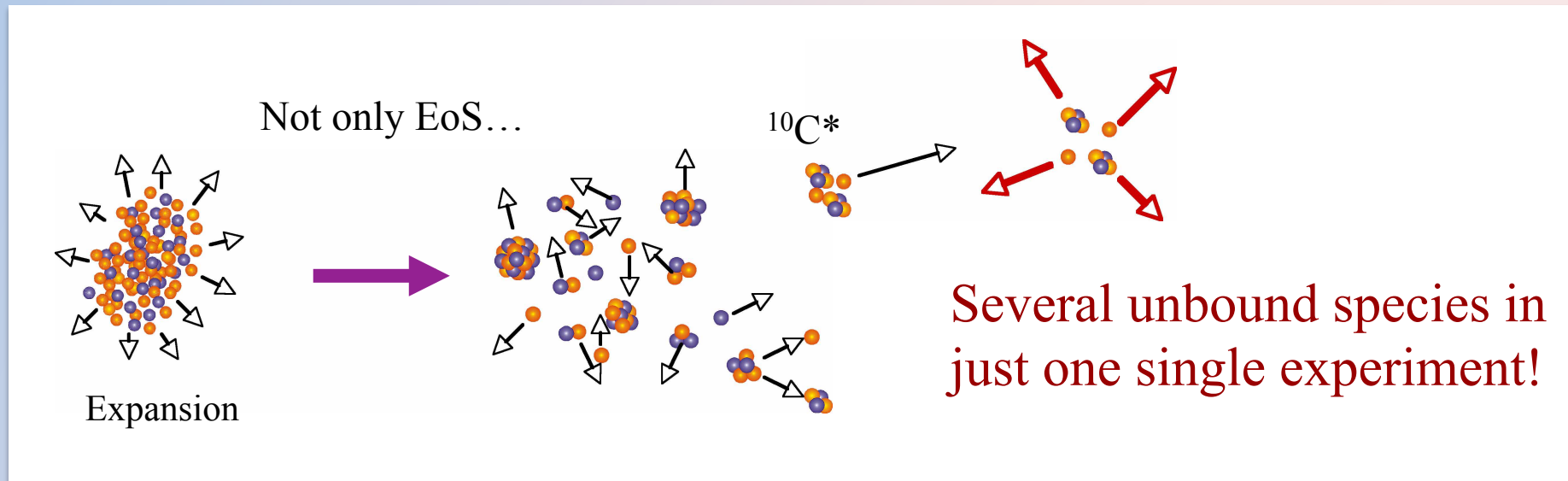


Transition from Surface (slow) to Bulk (fast) fragment emission

Thermally expanding and decaying source

Isotopically resolved IMF-IMF/IMF-LCP correlations:
Chimera, Fazio + Correlators (Must2, Farcos)

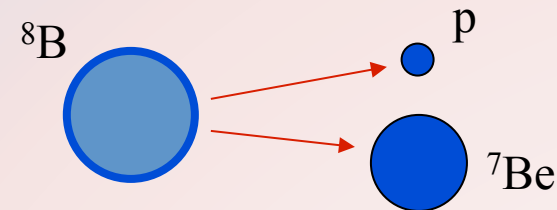
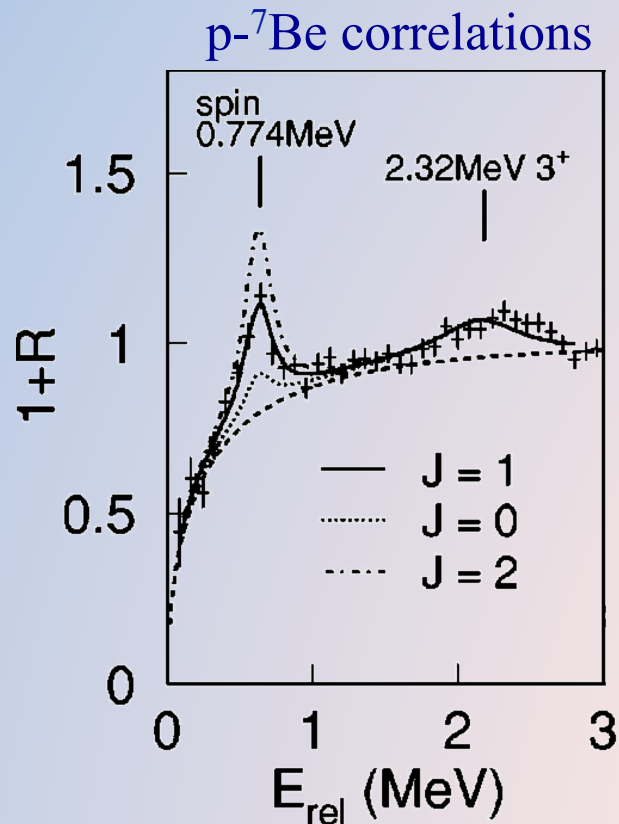
Multi-Particle Correlation Spectroscopy



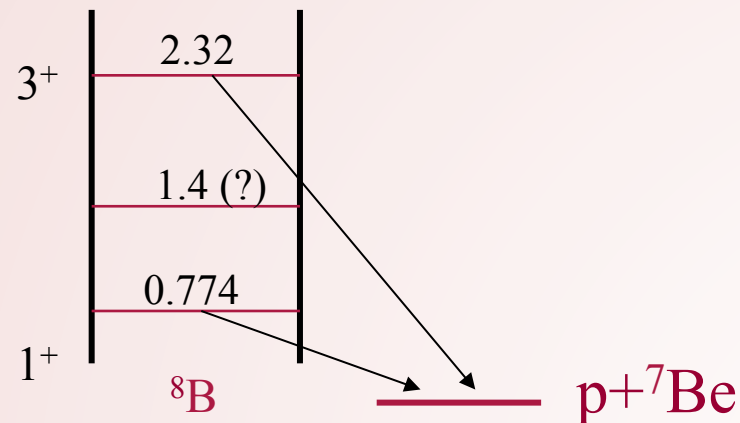
HIC and correlations as a spectroscopic tool

^8B unbound states in central HIC

Xe+Au $E/A50$ MeV Central collisions – LASSA @ MSU



States of $^8\text{B} \rightarrow p+^7\text{Be}$

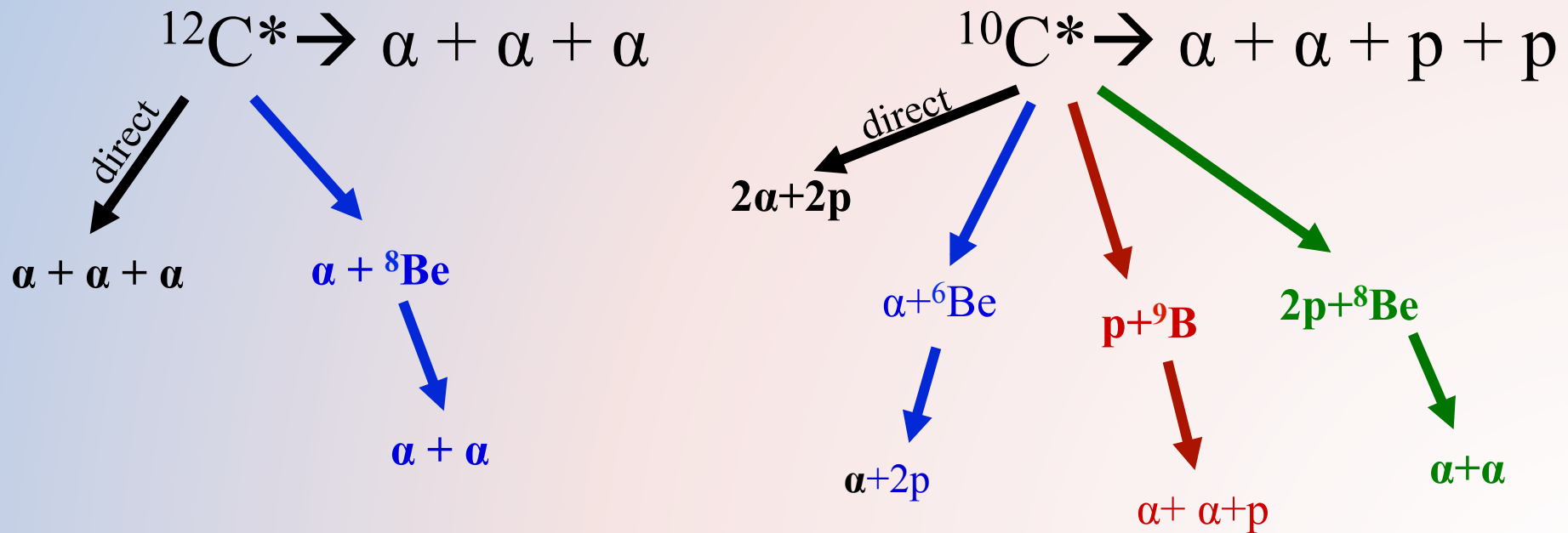


Sequential decay modes in projectile fragmentation

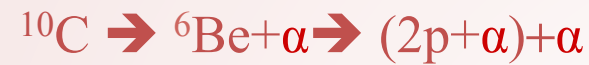
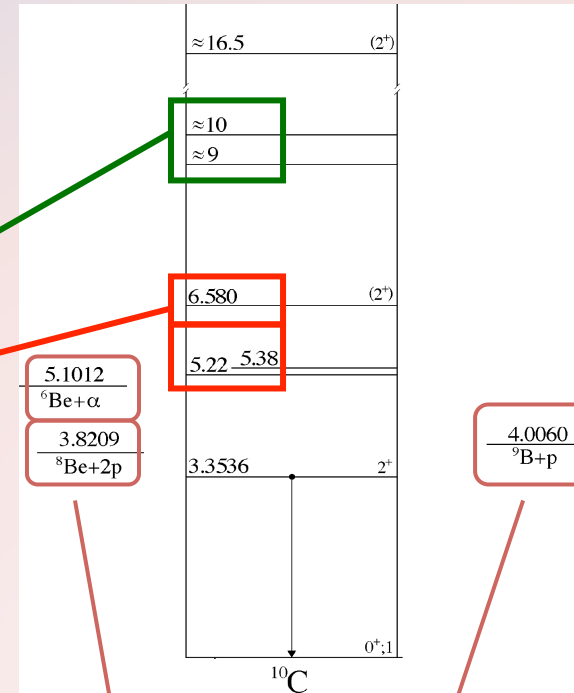
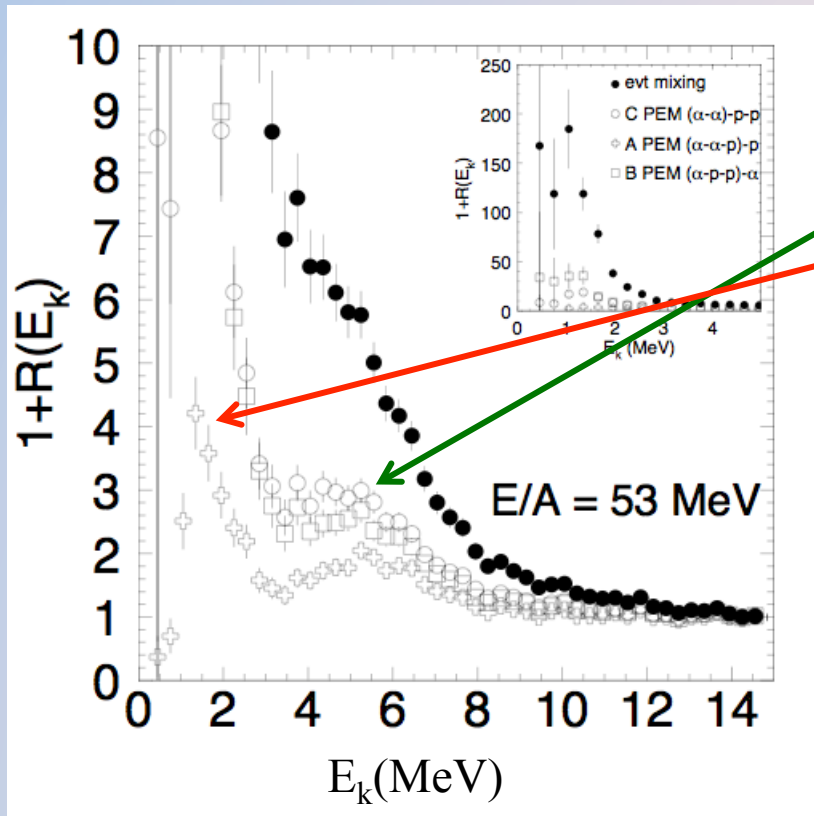
- Peripheral projectile fragmentation

$^{12}\text{C}+^{24}\text{Mg}$ E/A=53, 95 MeV (Indra@GANIL)

Decay of ^{12}C and ^{10}C quasi projectiles (QP*)

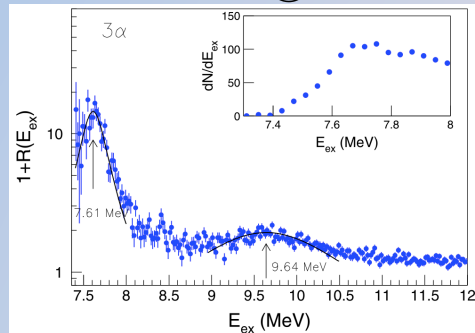


2 α -2p correlations : states in $^{10}\text{C}^*$

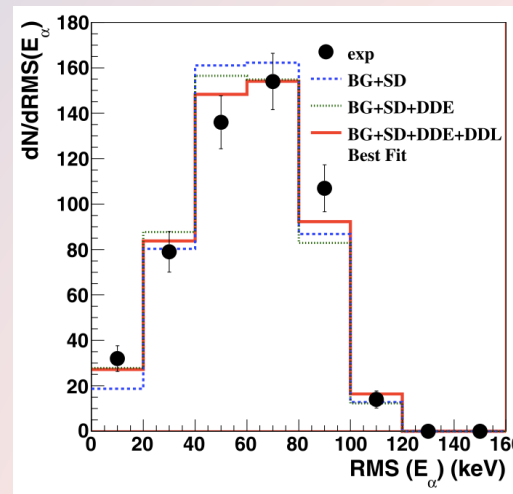


Sequential vs Simultaneous decay mechanisms

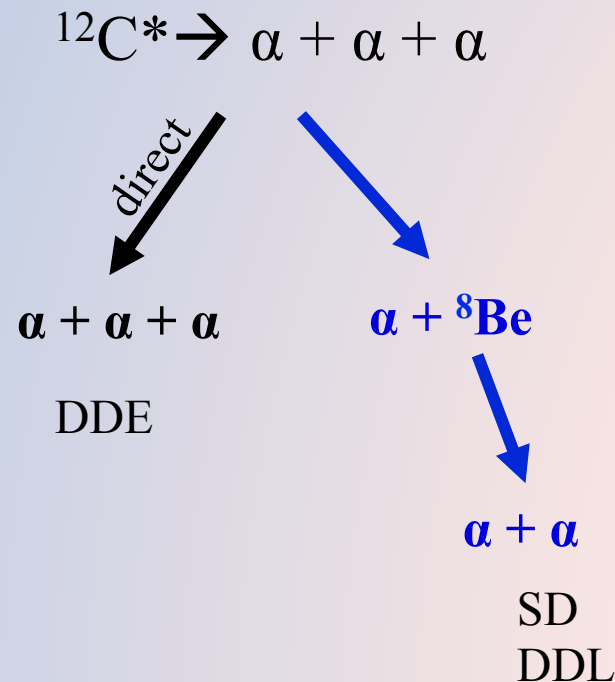
CHIMERA @ LNS



$^{12}\text{C} \rightarrow 3\alpha$ decays in $^{40}\text{Ca} + ^{12}\text{C}$ at $E/A = 25$ MeV

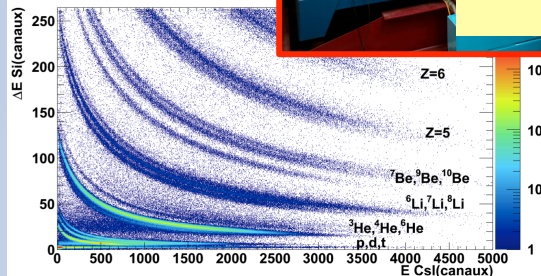
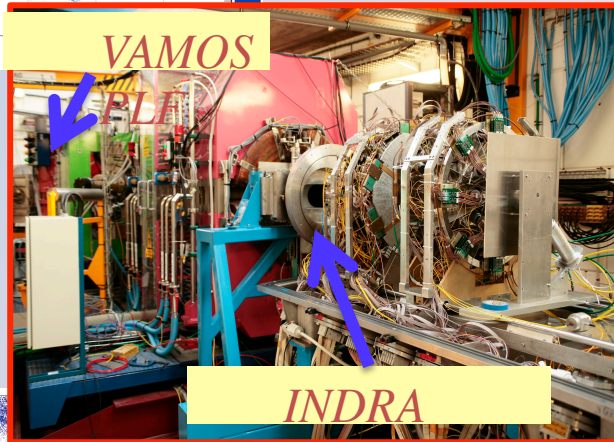
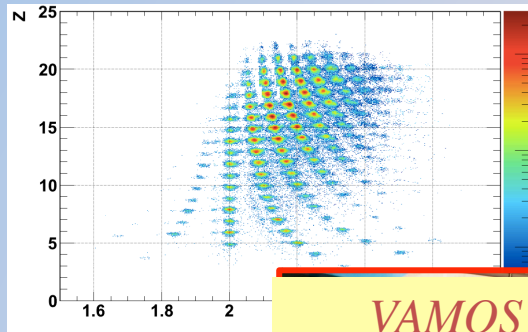


A. Raduta et al., PLB (2011)



Explore relative contributions from different decay mechanisms (sequential vs direct)

Decays of exotic PLF*



proton – ${}^{29}\text{Si}$ correlations

